BLUE RIDGE REAL ESTATE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

5 Blue Ridge Court P O Box 707 Blakeslee, PA 18610

2023

SECOND QUARTER REPORT

As of April 30, 2023 (Unaudited) and October 31, 2022 (Audited) and for the Three and Six Months Ended April 30, 2023 and 2022 (Unaudited)

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by the Company's management. Independent auditors have conducted an audit of these financial statements.

Disclosure Statement Pursuant to the Pink Basic Disclosure Guidelines

BLUE RIDGE REAL ESTATE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

a Pennsylvania Corporation

5 Blue Ridge Court P O Box 707 Blakeslee, PA 18610

Telephone: 570-443-8433 Website: www.brreco.com Email: info@brreco.com SIC code: 6500

Quarterly Report For the Period Ending: April 30, 2023

(the "Reporting Period")

Outstanding Shares

0							
The number of shares of	outstanding of our Common Stock was:						
2,408,599 as of April 30, 2023							
2,408,599 as of October	er 31, 2022						
Shell Status							
•	whether the company is a shell company (as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of e Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 15c2-11 of the Exchange Act of 1934):						
Yes: □	No: ⊠						
Indicate by check mark	whether the company's shell status has changed since the previous reporting period:						
Yes: □	No: ⊠						
Change in Control							
Indicate by check mark	whether a Change in Control of the company has occurred over this reporting period:						
Yes: □	No: ⊠						

1) Name and address(es) of the issuer and its predecessors (if any)

The name of the issuer is Blue Ridge Real Estate Company ("Blue Ridge", the "Company", "we", "our," or "us").

Blue Ridge Real Estate Company was incorporated in Pennsylvania on August 8, 1911 and its current standing in Pennsylvania is active.

Describe any trading suspension orders issued by the SEC concerning the issuer or its predecessors since inception: None.

List any stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization, merger, acquisition, spin-off, or reorganization either currently anticipated or that occurred within the past 12 months: None.

The address(es) of the issuer's principal executive office: 5 Blue Ridge Court, P O Box 707, Blakeslee, Pa 18610.

The address(es) of the issuer's principal place of business:

☑ Check if principal executive office and principal place of business are the same address:

Has the issuer or any of its predecessors been in bankruptcy, receivership, or any similar proceeding in the past five years?

No: ⊠ Yes: □

2) Security Information

Transfer Agent

Name: American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC

Phone: 800-937-5449 or 718-921-8124

Email: help@astfinancial.com

Address: Operations Center, 6201 15th Avenue, Brooklyn, NY 11219

Publicly Quoted or Traded Securities:

Trading Symbol: BRRE

Exact title and class of securities outstanding:

CUSIP:

O96005301

Par or Stated Value:

\$0.30 per share

Total shares authorized: 6,000,000 as of date: April 30, 2023 Total shares outstanding: 2,408,599 as of date: April 30, 2023 Total number of shareholders of record: 107 as of date: April 30, 2023

All additional class(es) of publicly quoted or traded securities (if any): None

Other classes of authorized or outstanding equity securities: None.

Security Description:

1. For common equity, describe any dividend, voting and preemption rights.

<u>Dividends</u>. Holders of Common Stock are entitled to dividends when, as and if declared by the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") out of funds legally available therefor. In the event of a liquidation,

dissolution or winding-up of the affairs of the Company, holders of Common Stock will be entitled to share ratably in the assets of the Company remaining after provision for payment of amounts owed to creditors.

<u>Voting.</u> The Articles provide that every shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for every share standing in the name of the shareholder on the books of the corporation. Every shareholder entitled to vote at a meeting of shareholders or to express consent or dissent to corporate action in writing without a meeting may authorize another person to act for the shareholder by proxy.

<u>Preemptive Rights.</u> The holders of common shares do not have any preemptive or other preferential rights to purchase any equity securities that we may issue in the future unless such rights are specifically granted to such holders.

2. For preferred stock, describe the dividend, voting, conversion, and liquidation rights as well as redemption or sinking fund provisions.

No shares of preferred stock have been issued by the Company.

3. Describe any other material rights of common or preferred stockholders.

<u>Meetings.</u> Shareholders have the right to attend shareholder meetings. Written notice of every meeting of shareholders shall be given by, or at the direction of, the secretary of the corporation or other authorized person to each shareholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting.

Special meetings of the shareholders may be called at any time by the (i) board of directors or (ii) shareholders entitled to cast at least 20% of the votes that all shareholders are entitled to cast at the particular special meeting.

<u>Right of Inspection by Shareholders</u>. Every shareholder shall, upon written verified demand stating the purpose thereof, have a right to examine, in person or by agent or attorney, during the usual hours for business for any proper purpose, the share register, books and records of account, and records of the proceedings of the incorporators, shareholders and directors and to make copies or extracts therefrom.

4. Describe any material modifications to rights of holders of the company's securities that have occurred over the reporting period covered by this report.

There have not been any material modifications to rights of holders of the Company's securities that have occurred over the reporting period covered by this report.

3) Issuance History

The Company has not issued any shares of the Company's common stock in exchange for services during the past two completed fiscal years or any subsequent interim period.

A. Changes to the Number of Outstanding Shares

Indicate by che	eck mark whether	there were any	changes to the num	ber of outstanding shares	within the past two	o completed fiscal years
No: □	⊠ Yes: (If yes,	you must comp!	lete the table below))		

Shares outstanding as of November 1, 2020 Opening Balance: Common:2,427,243 Preferred: 0									
Date of Transaction	Transaction type (e.g. new issuance, cancellation, shares returned to treasury)	Number of Shares Issued (or cancelled)	Class of Securities	Value of shares issued (\$/per share) at issuance	Were the shares issued at a discount to market price at the time of issuance? (Yes/No)	Individual / Entity Shares were issued to. You must disclose the control person(s) for any entities listed.	Reason for share issuance (e.g. for cash or debt conversion) OR Nature of Services Provided if applicable	Restricted or Unrestricted as of this filing?	Exemption or Registration Type?
3/4/2021	Cancellation	241	Common						
3/5/2021	Cancellation	18,291	Common						
9/3/2021	Cancellation	112	Common						
	Shares Outstand April 30, 2023: Ending Balance Common: 2,408 Preferred: 0	<u>.</u>							

During the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021, the Company repurchased 18,644 shares of its common stock. Upon transfer, all shares were cancelled and returned to the status of authorized but unissued. During the fiscal year ended October 31, 2022 no shares were repurchased. No shares were repurchased during the six months ended April 30, 2023.

B. Promissory and Convertible Notes

Indicate by check nark mark whether there are any outstanding promissory, convertible notes, convertible debentures, or any other debt instruments that may be converted into a class of the issuer's equity securities:

No: \boxtimes Yes: \square (If yes, you must complete the table below)

Date of Note Issuance	Outstanding Balance (\$)	Principal Amount at Issuance (\$)	Interest Accrued (\$)	Maturity Date	Conversion Terms (e.g. pricing mechanism for determining conversion of instrument to shares)	Name of Noteholder. You must disclose the control person(s) for any entities listed.	Reason for Issuance (e.g. Loan, Services, etc.)

4) Issuer's Business, Products and Services

Blue Ridge Real Estate Company, or Blue Ridge, was incorporated in Pennsylvania on August 8, 1911. Blue Ridge owns investment properties in Eastern Pennsylvania.

Blue Ridge's year end date is October 31st.

Blue Ridge's primary SIC code is 6500.

The accompanying audited financial statements include the accounts of Blue Ridge Real Estate Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (Northeast Land Company, Jack Frost National Golf Course, Inc., Flower Fields Motel, LLC, and Lake Mountain, LLC) (collectively "Blue Ridge").

Blue Ridge and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, operate through three business segments which consist of Resort Operations, Real Estate Management/Rental Operations and Land Resource Management. Our business segments were determined from our internal organization and management reporting, which are based primarily on differences in services we provide.

Additional information regarding the business of Blue Ridge's wholly-owned subsidiaries can be found under Item 5) Issuer's Facilities and in the Notes to the Audited Financial Statements.

Resort Operations (SIC Code 6512)

Resort Operations consists of: amenities surrounding Big Boulder Lake – Boulder View Tavern and Boulder Lake Club; the Jack Frost National Golf Course; and The Stretch fishing club.

Real Estate Management/Rental Operations (SIC Code 6519)

Real Estate Management/Rental Operations consists of: investment properties leased to others; services to the trusts that operate resort residential communities; and rental of signboards.

Land Resource Management (SIC Code 6552)

Land Resource Management consists of: land sales; land purchases; timbering operations; a real estate development division; and leasing of land and land improvements. Timbering operations consist of selective timbering on our land holdings. Contracts are entered into for parcels that have had the timber selectively marked. The real estate

development division is responsible for the residential land development activities which include overseeing the construction of single and multi-family homes and development of infrastructure.

5) Issuer's Facilities

At April 30, 2023, the properties of Blue Ridge and its subsidiaries consisted of 9,065 total acres of land owned by Blue Ridge, Northeast Land Company and Flower Fields Motel, LLC located in the Pocono Mountains of Eastern Pennsylvania. Of this acreage, 7,632 acres were held for investment, 1,296 acres were held for development and 137 acres were held for sale. Income is derived from these lands through leases, selective timbering by third parties, sales and other dispositions.

These properties included the Jack Frost National Golf Course, Boulder View Tavern, Boulder Lake Club, a commercial property comprised of 3 acres of vacant land, one single family home held for investment, two sewage treatment facilities, a members-only fly-fishing club, a corporate headquarters building and other miscellaneous facilities.

The majority of the Company's property located in the Pocono Mountains is leased to various hunting clubs.

Blue Ridge owns and leases to its wholly-owned subsidiary, Jack Frost National Golf Course, Inc., an 18-hole golf facility known as Jack Frost National Golf Club, which is located on 203 acres near White Haven, Carbon County, Pennsylvania. The golf course is managed by Jack Frost Golf Management, LLC, a subsidiary of Indigo Sports, LLC (formerly known as Antares Golf, LLC), an unaffiliated third-party operator. The golf course is a seasonal facility. Golf course operations generally occur between April and October.

Blue Ridge owns the Boulder View Tavern, which consists of 8,800 square feet and is located on the eastern shore of Big Boulder Lake, Kidder Township, Carbon County, Pennsylvania. Lake Mountain, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Blue Ridge Real Estate Company, leases and operates the facility. The restaurant was managed by Boulder View Management, LLC, a subsidiary of Indigo Sports, LLC (formerly known as Antares Golf, LLC), an unaffiliated third-party operator. On November 1, 2022, the Company terminated its Management Agreement with Indigo Sports, LLC through its subsidiary Boulder View Management, LLC, for the management of Boulder View Tavern. On November 1, 2022, the Company entered into a Management Agreement with RealFood, LLC, a subsidiary of Troon Golf, LLC, an unaffiliated third-party operator, for the management of Boulder View Tavern. The restaurant has dining capacity for 200 patrons. The restaurant is open year-round.

Blue Ridge owns the Boulder Lake Club located in Kidder Township, Carbon County, Pennsylvania, which includes the 175-acre Big Boulder Lake, swimming pool, tennis courts, boat docks and accompanying buildings. Lake Mountain, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Blue Ridge Real Estate Company, leases and operates the facility. Boulder Lake Club is a seasonal facility. Lake Club operations generally occur between May and September.

Blue Ridge owns one single family home held for investment.

Blue Ridge owns a sewage treatment facility that serves the resort housing at the Jack Frost Mountain Ski Area. The facility has the capacity of treating up to 400,000 gallons of wastewater per day.

Blue Ridge owns a sewage treatment facility that serves the resort housing at the Big Boulder Ski Area. The facility has the capacity of treating 225,000 gallons of wastewater per day.

Blue Ridge owns The Stretch, an exclusive members-only fly-fishing club, located along a two-mile stretch of the Tunkhannock Creek in Blakeslee, Pennsylvania. The Stretch is a seasonal facility. Fishing club operations generally occur between April and September.

Blue Ridge owns its corporate headquarters building which is located at 5 Blue Ridge Court in Blakeslee, Pennsylvania.

Northeast Land Company owns 89 acres of vacant land located in the Pocono Mountains, of which 3 acres of land are held for investment and 86 acres of land are held for development.

Flower Fields Motel, LLC owns approximately 3 acres of vacant commercial property located along Route 611 in Tannersville, Pennsylvania. The property was the former location of a motel and two cottage buildings which were demolished during the summer of 2008.

6) Officers, Directors, and Control Persons

A. Names of Officers, Directors, and Control Persons.

The following sets forth the names of each of the executive officers, directors, general partners and control persons (control persons are beneficial owners of more than five percent (5%) of any class of the Company's equity securities) of the Company as of the date of this information statement.

Name of all Officers, Directors and Control Person	Affiliation with Company (e.g. Officer Title/Director/ Owner of more than 5%)	Residential Address (City/State Only)	Number of shares owned	Share type/class	Ownership Percentage of Class Outstanding	Names of control person(s) if a corporate entity
Bruce Beaty	Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer	Blakeslee, PA	0		0%	
Paul A. Biddelman	Director	New York, NY	0		0%	
Raymond Edwards	Director	Jericho, NY	0		0%	
David Domb	Director	Jericho, NY	0		0%	
Cynthia A. Van Horn	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer	Blakeslee, PA	0		0%	
KRSX Merge, LLC 500 North Broadway Suite 201 Jericho, NY 11753	Principal Stockholder	Jericho, NY	1,425,153	Common	59.2%	Conor C. Flynn, Director Glenn G. Cohen, Director Ross Cooper, Director 500 North Broadway, Suite 201, Jericho, NY 11753

7) Legal/Disciplinary History

A. During the past 10 years, none of the persons listed above have been the subject of:

- 1. A conviction in a criminal proceeding or named as a defendant in a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses);
- 2. The entry of an order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, by a court of competent jurisdiction that permanently or temporarily enjoined, barred, suspended or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities, or banking activities;

- 3. A finding or judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, or a state securities regulator of a violation of federal or state securities or commodities law, which finding or judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated; or
- 4. The entry of an order by a self-regulatory organization that permanently or temporarily barred, suspended, or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business or securities activities.
- B. Describe briefly any material pending legal proceedings, other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to the business, to which the issuer or any of its subsidiaries is a party or of which any of their property is the subject. Include the name of the court or agency in which the proceedings are pending, the date instituted, the principal parties thereto, a description of the factual basis alleged to underlie the proceeding and the relief sought. Include similar information as to any such proceedings known to be contemplated by governmental authorities: None.

8) Third Party Service Providers

Securities Counsel

Joanne R. Soslow, Esquire Morgan, Lewis & Bockius 1701 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2921 (215) 963-5000

Accountant or Auditor Kevin Foley, CPA Kronick Kalada Berdy & Co. 190 Lathrop Street Kingston, PA 18704 (570) 283-2727

Investor Relations
Not Applicable

All other means of Investor Communication:

Twitter: None
Discord: None
LinkedIn: None
Facebook: None
(Other): None

Other Service Providers

Not Applicable

9) Financial Statements

A. The following financial statements were prepared in accordance with:

□IFRS ⊠U.S. GAAP

B. The following financial statements were prepared by

Name: Cynthia A. Van Horn

Title: Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Relationship to Issuer: Principal Financial Officer

Describe the qualifications of the person or persons who prepared the financial statements: Cynthia A. Van Horn has served as the Company's Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") and Treasurer since January 1, 2012. Mrs. Van Horn previously served as the Company's Controller beginning in October 1996. From November 1995 until October 1996 Mrs. Van Horn served as the Company's Accounting Manager. Mrs. Van Horn holds a Bachelor of Science Degree in Accounting from Pennsylvania State University.

The following financial statements of the Company are included in this Annual Report at the pages noted below:

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10) Issuer Certification

Principal Executive Officer:

- I, Bruce Beaty certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this Disclosure Statement for Blue Ridge Real Estate Company;
 - 2. Based on my knowledge, this disclosure statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this disclosure statement; and
 - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included or incorporated by reference in this disclosure statement, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this disclosure statement.

Date: June 14, 2023

/s/ Bruce Beaty

Bruce Beaty

Chief Executive Officer and President

Principal Financial Officer:

- I, Cynthia A. Van Horn certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this Disclosure Statement for Blue Ridge Real Estate Company;
 - 2. Based on my knowledge, this disclosure statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this disclosure statement; and
 - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included or incorporated by reference in this disclosure statement, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this disclosure statement.

Date: June 14, 2023

/s/ Cynthia A. Van Horn Cynthia A. Van Horn Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

BLUE RIDGE REAL ESTATE COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

BALANCE SHEETS

	(T. 1.1. T. 1. T.	(
	(UNAUDITED)	(AUDITED)
ASSETS:	4/30/2023	10/31/2022
Land and land development costs (1,296 acres per land ledger)	\$7,081,665	\$6,854,487
Land improvements, buildings and equipment, net	2,093,695	2,137,207
Land held for investment, principally unimproved		
(7,632 acres per land ledger)	1,532,287	1,532,287
Long-lived assets held for sale (137 and 473 acres per land ledger,	140 (40	10= 011
respectively)	149,640	187,214
Cash and cash equivalents	8,146,886	5,611,789
Marketable securities	4,962,163	3,672,526
Cash held in escrow	530	530
Prepaid expenses and other assets	627,660	527,475
Accounts receivable	139,250	159,866
Total assets	\$24,733,776	\$20,683,381
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:		
Debt	\$16,727	\$16,727
Accounts payable	547,703	366,846
Accrued liabilities	319,506	494,776
Deferred income	752,853	182,225
Deferred income taxes	975,814	79,814
Accrued pension expense	114,215	122,901
Total liabilities	2,726,818	1,263,289
10001000		1,200,200
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Capital stock, without par value, stated value \$0.30 per share,		
Blue Ridge authorized 6,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding		
2,408,599	722,580	722,580
Capital in excess of stated value	18,003,861	18,003,861
Earnings retained in the business	4,474,181	1,887,315
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,193,664)	(1,193,664)
Total shareholders' equity	22,006,958	19,420,092
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$24,733,776	\$20,683,381
Total national sum shareholders equity	Ψ=1,100,110	Ψ20,005,501

BLUE RIDGE REAL ESTATE COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

for the three and six months ended April 30, 2023 and 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Six Mon	ths Ended
	4/30/2023	4/30/2022	4/30/2023	4/30/2022
Revenues:				
Resort operations revenue	\$695,964	\$663,299	\$1,224,651	\$1,141,072
Real estate management revenue	179,075	139,490	362,619	278,979
Land resource management revenue	5,032,480	42,643	5,079,965	86,188
Rental income revenue	15,412	24,250	27,102	41,655
Total revenues	5,922,931	869,682	6,694,337	1,547,894
Costs and expenses:				
Resort operations costs	894,307	832,641	1,807,684	1,560,645
Real estate management costs	163,315	157,240	330,358	318,410
Land resource management costs	289,103	98,652	387,030	202,242
Rental income costs	10,704	15,539	24,159	31,931
General and administration expense	357,363	370,514	773,491	750,249
Total costs and expenses	1,714,792	1,474,586	3,322,722	2,863,477
Operating profit (loss) before other income and (expense)	4,208,139	(604,904)	3,371,615	(1,315,583)
Other income and (expense):				
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	0	0	(128)	8,154
Interest and other income	152	4,221	217	4,221
Interest expense	(241)	(242)	(478)	(313)
Interest and dividends on equity securities, net	96,137	10,200	163,698	23,205
Realized gain (loss) on equity securities	(6,288)	325	(6,093)	4,040
Unrealized gain (loss) on equity securities	(6,612)	(61,667)	85,154	(89,096)
Pension expense	(121,870)	10,523	(131,119)	(18,502)
Total other income and expense	(38,722)	(36,640)	111,251	(68,291)
Profit (loss) from operations before income taxes	4,169,417	(641,544)	3,482,866	(1,383,874)
Trofit (1055) from operations before mediae taxes	<u> </u>	(071,574)	3,402,000	(1,303,074)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	1,072,000	(165,000)	896,000	(356,000)
Net income (loss)	\$3,097,417	(\$476,544)	\$2,586,866	(\$1,027,874)
Basic income (loss) per weighted average share	\$1.28	(\$0.20)	\$1.07	(\$0.43)

BLUE RIDGE REAL ESTATE COMPANY and SUBSIDARIES

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

for the six months ended April 30, 2023 and 2022 (Unaudited)

	4/30/2023	4/30/2022
Net income (loss)	\$2,586,866	(\$1,027,874)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	\$0	\$0
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$2,586,866	(\$1,027,874)

BLUE RIDGE REAL ESTATE COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

for the six months ended April 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

	Capital S Shares	Stock (1) Amount	Capital in Excess of Stated Value	Earnings Retained in the Business	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
Balance,						
October 31, 2022	2,408,599	\$722,580	\$18,003,861	\$1,887,315	(\$1,193,664)	\$19,420,092
Net income				2,586,866		2,586,866
Balance, April 30, 2023	2,408,599	\$722,580	\$18,003,861	\$4,474,181	(\$1,193,664)	\$22,006,958
		-				

(1) Capital stock, at stated value of \$0.30 per share

BLUE RIDGE REAL ESTATE COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the six months ended April 30, 2023 and 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	4/30/2023	4/30/2022
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$2,586,866	(\$1,027,874)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by		
(used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	211,081	206,508
Amortization of investment premiums	471	884
Realized loss (gain) on equity securities	6,093	(4,040)
Unrealized (gain) loss on equity securities	(85,154)	89,096
Deferred income taxes	896,000	(393,000)
Loss (gain) on sale of assets	128	(8,154)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	20,616	19,297
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(100,185)	(56,415)
Land and land development costs	(229,595)	(6,680)
Long-lived assets held for sale	39,991	0
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(3,099)	(304,173)
Deferred income	570,628	616,689
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	3,913,841	(867,862)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Purchases of marketable securities	(2,465,379)	(1,470,544)
Proceeds from maturities and sales of marketable securities	1,254,332	232,700
Proceeds from disposition of assets	0	24,000
Additions to properties	(167,697)	(315,800)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,378,744)	(1,529,644)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from debt	0	22,323
Payment of debt	0	(16,576)
Net cash provided by financing activities	0	5,747
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	2,535,097	(2,391,759)
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	5,612,319	10,436,129
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash, ending of period	\$8,147,416	\$8,044,370

NOTES TO UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited financial statements include the accounts of Blue Ridge Real Estate Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (Northeast Land Company, Jack Frost National Golf Course, Inc., Flower Fields Motel, LLC, and Lake Mountain, LLC) (collectively "Blue Ridge").

The balance sheet as of October 31, 2022, which has been derived from audited financial statements, and the financial statements as of and for the six-month periods ended April 30, 2023 and 2022, which are unaudited, are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information. They do not include all information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. Accordingly, these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the combined financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's 2022 Annual Report filed with OTC Markets on January 27, 2023 and amended on February 2, 2023. In the opinion of management, the accompanying financial statements reflect all adjustments (which are of a normal recurring nature) necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions are eliminated.

Due to intermittent revenues from land resource management, the results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full fiscal year.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates and Assumptions:

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. For example, unexpected changes in market conditions or a continued or further downturn in the economy could adversely affect actual results. Estimates are used in accounting for, among other things, land development costs, asset fair value calculations, accounts, equity securities and accounts and notes receivables, legal liability, insurance liability, depreciation, employee benefits, taxes, and contingencies. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which the revisions are determined.

Management believes that its accounting policies regarding revenue recognition, land development costs, long lived assets, deferred income and income taxes among others, affect its more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its financial statements. For a description of these critical accounting policies and estimates, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations". There were no significant changes in the Company's critical accounting policies or estimates since the Company's fiscal year ended October 31, 2022 ("Fiscal 2022"). Material subsequent events are evaluated and disclosed through the issuance date of this Quarterly Report.

Statements of Cash Flows:

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the Company considers cash equivalents to be all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when acquired.

Cash Concentration of Credit Risk:

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist principally of temporary cash investments. The Company's temporary cash investments are held by financial institutions. The Company has not experienced any losses related to these investments. At April 30, 2023, the Company had no working cash on deposit in excess of the FDIC insured limit of \$250,000, and also had \$7,699,139 invested in money market and mutual funds at April 30, 2023, which are not insured by the FDIC.

Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash:

Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash as of the three months ended April 30, 2023 and 2022 consist of the following:

	2023	2022
Cash and cash equivalents	\$8,146,886	\$8,043,845
Cash held in escrow	530	525
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash shown in the statement of cash flows	\$8,147,416	\$8,044,370

Restricted cash represents cash held in a real estate escrow account. The restriction expires when the real estate brokers license associated with the account is no longer in place.

Marketable Securities:

Marketable securities held by the Company have readily determinable fair values and are reported at fair value. Realized gains and losses are determined by using the first-in first-out method (FIFO). Both realized and unrealized gains and losses on marketable securities are reported in net income.

Marketable securities consist of investments in preferred stocks (15 positions of financial services, insurance and real estate investment trusts), 20 positions of government bonds, a bond mutual fund, a fixed income exchange traded products fund and one certificate of deposit at April 30, 2023. Marketable securities consist of investments in preferred stocks (15 positions of financial services, insurance and real estate investment trusts), 17 positions of government bonds, a bond mutual fund, a fixed income exchange traded products fund and one certificate of deposit at October 31, 2022. Investments in preferred stocks are stated at fair value. Investments in preferred stocks are not purchased with the intent of selling in the near term. However, from time to time, the Company may decide to sell certain securities for liquidity, tax planning and other business purposes. The cost of securities sold is determined by the specific identification method. Unrealized and realized gains and losses on investments in preferred stocks and government bonds are recorded monthly. Since these investments are in marketable securities with a readily determinable fair value, unrealized and realized gains and losses are recorded in other income. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade date basis. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date and interest is recorded when earned.

Fair value is the price we would receive to sell an asset in an orderly transaction with a market participant at the measurement date.

New Accounting Pronouncements:

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases" ("ASU 2016-02"), which requires an entity to recognize assets and liabilities on the balance sheet for the rights and obligations created by leased assets and provide additional disclosures. FASB issued updates ASU 2018-10, Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases and ASU 2018-11, Leases (Topic 84): Targeted Improvements in relation to ASU 2016-02. In June 2020 ASU No. 2020-05 was released deferring the effective date of ASU 2016-02 for us until November 1, 2022 and at that time, we will adopt the new standard using a modified retrospective approach. We have implemented ASU 2016-02 and it did not have a material effect on our financial statements and disclosures.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-14, "Compensation-Retirement Benefits - Defined Benefit Plans-General (Subtopic 715-20): Disclosure Framework-Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans" ("ASU 2018-14"). ASU 2018-14 modifies the disclosure requirements for employers that sponsor defined

benefit pension or other post-retirement plans. We have implemented ASU 2018-14 and it did not have a material effect on our financial statements and disclosures.

In December 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-20, "Leases (Topic 842): Narrow-Scope Improvements for Lessors", effective date for entities that have not adopted ASU 2016-02 is the same as ASU 2016-02, as amended. We have implemented ASU 2018-20 and it did not have a material effect on our financial statements and disclosures.

In December 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-12, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes", effective for nonpublic entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. Early adoption is permitted but requires simultaneous adoption of all provisions of the new standard. We have implemented ASU 2019-12 and it did not have a material effect on our financial statements and disclosures.

The Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments", which supersedes accounting standards that currently exist GAAP and provides a methodology for measuring credit losses that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. The standard also requires companies to disclose additional information, including expanded credit quality disclosures. The Company will be required to apply the expected credit loss model for accounts receivable, loans, and other financial instruments. ASU 2016-13 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, and interim reporting periods within those fiscal years. The Company is evaluating the impact of the pronouncement may have on the financial statement.

3. Segment Reporting

The Company currently operates in three business segments, which consist of Resort Operations, Real Estate Management/Rental Operations and Land Resource Management.

4. Income Taxes

The provision and benefit for income taxes for the six months ended April 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively was estimated using an estimated annual effective tax rate of 25.74%.

The Company's practice is to recognize interest and/or penalties related to income tax matters as income tax expense in its financial statements. As of and for the six months ended April 30, 2023, no interest and penalties have been accrued in the balance sheet and no expense is reflected in the statement of operations. At April 30, 2023, federal and state tax returns for years ending October 31, 2019 and later are subject to future examination by the respective tax authorities.

5. Land and Land Development Costs

Land and improvements in progress held for development consist of the following:

	4/30/2023	10/31/2022
Land unimproved designated for development	\$1,832,129	\$1,834,546
Residential development	1,175,754	1,175,754
Infrastructure development	4,073,782	3,844,187
Total Land and Land Development Costs	\$7,081,665	\$6,854,487

6. Land Held for Investment

	4/30/2023	10/31/2022
Land – Unimproved	\$1,387,501	\$1,387,501
Land – Commercial rental properties	144,786	144,786
Total land held for investment	\$1,532,287	\$1,532,287

7. Marketable Securities

The cost and fair value of marketable securities are as follows:

	April 30, 2023				
	Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized	Fair Value	
			Losses		
Preferred equity securities	\$584,243	\$15,023	(\$19,475)	\$579,791	
Bond mutual fund	79,297	12,266	(21,718)	69,845	
Exchange traded fund	88,431	8,560	(13,471)	83,520	
Available for sale debt securities:	4 062 246	20.075	(2.214)	4 000 007	
Government bonds	4,062,246	29,975	(3,214)	4,089,007	
Certificate of deposit	140,000	0	0	140,000	
Total marketable securities	\$4,954,217	\$65,824	(\$57,878)	\$4,962,163	

The cost of the available for sale certificate of deposit at April 30, 2023 was \$140,000 maturing within one year. On March 8, 2023 a certificate in the amount of \$140,000 matured and yielded interest of \$140. The Company reinvested \$140,000 in a certificate of deposit with Mauch Chunk Trust for a term of 13 months with a new maturity date of April 8, 2024. The preferred stocks include investments in 15 public companies in various industries with the largest investment, at market value, in a single company of \$116,803. For the six months ended April 30, 2023, there were realized gains of \$8,325 and realized losses of (\$14,418) on the sale of equity securities.

	October 31, 2022					
	Cost	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair Value		
		Gains	Losses			
Equity securities:						
Preferred equity securities	\$576,211	\$3,764	(\$47,448)	\$532,527		
Bond mutual fund	77,849	5,934	(19,176)	64,607		
Exchange traded fund	88,431	5,520	(11,071)	82,880		
Available for sale debt securities: Government bonds	2,867,243	436	(15,167)	2,852,512		
Certificate of deposit	140,000	0	0	140,000		
Total marketable securities	\$3,749,734	\$15,654	(\$92,862)	\$3,672,526		

The cost of a certificate of deposit at October 31, 2022 was \$140,000 maturing within one year. On March 8, 2022 a certificate in the amount of \$140,000 matured and yielded interest of \$140. The Company reinvested \$140,000 in a certificate of deposit with Mauch Chunk Trust for a term of 12 months with a new maturity date of March 8, 2023. The preferred stocks include investments in 15 public companies in various industries with the largest investment, at market value, in a single company of \$116,553. For the twelve months ended October 31, 2022, there were realized gains of \$4,599 and realized losses of \$3 on sales of equity securities.

8. Pension Benefits

Components of Net Periodic Pension Cost:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	4/30/2023 4/30/2022		4/30/2023	4/30/2022
Interest Cost	\$109,735	\$49,608	\$159,484	\$99,500
Expected return on plan assets	(61,549)	(99,285)	(147,049)	(191,000)
Amortization of accumulated loss	73,684	39,154	118,684	110,002
Total net periodic pension cost	\$121,870	(\$10,523)	\$131,119	\$18,502

The Company expects to contribute a minimum of \$246,805 to the pension plan in the fiscal year ending October 31, 2023 ("Fiscal 2023"). As of April 30, 2023, the Company has made contributions of \$139,805 and anticipates contributing the \$107,000 to fund their pension plan in the remaining six months of Fiscal 2023.

9. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The following table presents the changes in the accumulated other comprehensive loss for the twelve months ended October 31, 2022:

	10/31/2022		
	Defined Benefit	Accumulated Other	
	Pension Plan	Comprehensive Loss	
Beginning balance	(\$1,249,064)	(\$1,249,064)	
Current period other comprehensive income	55,400	55,400	
Ending balance	(\$1,193,664)	(\$1,193,664)	

The other comprehensive income (loss) is reported net of tax.

10. Fair Value of Financial Instruments and Impairment

The Company uses ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements" ("ASC 820"), to measure the fair value of certain assets and liabilities. ASC 820 provides a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with GAAP, establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value and requires certain disclosures about fair value measurements.

The fair value hierarchy is summarized below:

- Level 1: Fair value determined based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Fair value determined using significant observable inputs, generally either quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities or quoted prices in markets that are not active.
- Level 3: Fair value determined using significant unobservable inputs, such as pricing models, discounted cash flows, or similar techniques.

The estimated recurring fair values of the Company's financial instruments at April 30, 2023 and October 31, 2022 are as follows:

	4/30/2023		10/31/2022	
	Carrying		Carrying	
	Amount	Fair Value	Amount	Fair Value
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents and cash				
held in escrow	\$8,147,416	\$8,147,416	\$5,612,319	\$5,612,319
Marketable securities	4,962,163	4,962,163	3,672,526	3,672,526
Accounts receivable	139,250	139,250	159,866	159,866
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	547,703	547,703	366,846	366,846
Accrued liabilities	319,506	319,506	494,776	494,776
Debt	\$16,727	\$17,934	\$16,727	\$17,319

Fair Values were determined as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents and cash held in escrow, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities: The carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the short-term maturity of these instruments.

Marketable securities consist of preferred stocks, government bonds, a bond mutual fund, a fixed equity exchange traded fund and a certificate of deposit at April 30, 2023. Marketable securities at October 31, 2022 consisted of all the aforementioned. Fair value of preferred stocks, government bonds, a bond mutual fund, a fixed equity exchange traded fund and certificate of deposit is determined using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets – Level 1 hierarchy.

Debt: The fair value of debt is estimated using discounted cash flows based on current borrowing rates available to the Company for similar types of borrowing arrangements - Level 2 hierarchy.

Preferred equity securities: The fair value of preferred equity securities is determined by the value at the closing price reported on the active markets on which the individual securities are traded.

The following tables set forth by level within the fair value hierarchy the Company's equity securities asset at fair value as of April 30, 2023 and October 31, 2022.

	Inv	Investment Assets at Fair Value as of April 30, 2023			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Preferred stocks:					
Real estate investment trust	\$159,670			\$159,670	
Finance	411,388			411,388	
Insurance	8,733			8,733	
Government bonds	4,089,007			4,089,007	
Bond mutual fund	69,845			69,845	
Exchange traded fund	83,520			83,520	
Certificate of Deposit	140,000			140,000	
Total marketable securities	\$4,962,163			\$4,962,163	

	In	. 000111011011011000	ets at Fair Val er 31, 2022	ue
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Preferred Stocks:				
Real estate investment trust	\$143,000			\$143,000
Finance	381,305			381,305
Insurance	8,222			8,222
Government bonds	2,852,512			2,852,512
Bond Mutual fund	64,607			64,607
Exchange traded fund	82,880			82,880
Certificate of Deposit	140,000			140,000
Total marketable securities	\$3,672,526			\$3,672,526

As of April 30, 2023, the carrying amount net of prior period impairments for land and land development costs is \$7,081,665. The carrying amount net of prior period impairments for land improvements, buildings and equipment is \$2,093,695. The carrying amount net of prior period impairments for land held for investment is \$1,532,287. The carrying amount for long-lived assets held for sale is \$149,640, no impairment was ever expensed on the assets held for sale. There was no impairment expense in the six months ended April 30, 2023.

As of October 31, 2022, the carrying amount net of prior period impairments for land and land development costs is \$6,854,487. The carrying amount net of prior period impairments for land improvements, buildings and equipment is \$2,137,207. The carrying amount net of prior period impairments for land held for investment is \$1,532,287. The carrying amount for long lived assets held for sale is \$187,214, no impairment was ever expensed on the assets held for sale. There was no impairment expense in Fiscal 2022.

11. Per Share Data

Earnings per share ("EPS") is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The calculation of diluted EPS assumes weighted average options have been exercised to purchase shares of common stock in the relevant period, net of assumed repurchases using the treasury stock method. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2023 and 2022, there were no unexercised stock options. As a result, the calculation of diluted EPS has been excluded from the table below since diluted EPS for these periods is equal to EPS.

Weighted average basic shares, taking into consideration shares issued, weighted average options, if any, used in calculating EPS, treasury shares repurchased, shares cancelled and basic loss per weighted average share for the six months ended April 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Six Mont	hs Ended
	4/30/23	4/30/22	4/30/23	4/30/22
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding used to compute basic earnings per share	2,408,599	2,408,599	2,408,599	2,408,599
•			·	
Basic income (loss) per weighted average share is computed as follows:				
Net income (loss)	\$3,097,417	(\$476,544)	\$2,586,866	(\$1,027,874)
Weighted average share of common stock outstanding	2,408,599	2,408,599	2,408,599	2,408,599
Basic income (loss) per weighted average share	\$1.28	(\$0.20)	\$1.07	(\$0.43)

12. Supplemental Disclosure to Statements of Cash Flows

The following are supplemental disclosures to the statements of cash flows for the six months ended April 30, 2023 and 2022:

	4/30/2023	4/30/2022
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$0	\$71
Income taxes	\$4,553	\$37,000
Non cash		
Reclassification from land and land development costs to		
long-lived assets held for sale	\$2,417	\$10,196

13. Business Segment Information

The following information is presented in accordance with the accounting pronouncement regarding disclosures about segments of an enterprise and related information. The Company's business segments were determined from the Company's internal organization and management reporting, which are based primarily on differences in services.

Resort Operations

Resort Operations consists of: amenities surrounding Big Boulder Lake – Boulder View Tavern and Boulder Lake Club; the Jack Frost National Golf Course; and The Stretch fishing club.

Real Estate Management/Rental Operations

Real Estate Management/Rental Operations consists of: investment properties leased to others; services to the trusts that operate resort residential communities; and rental of signboards.

Land Resource Management

Land Resource Management consists of: land sales; land purchases; timbering operations; a real estate development division; and leasing of land and land improvements. Timbering operations consist of selective timbering on our land holdings. The real estate development division is responsible for the residential land development activities which include overseeing the construction of single and multi-family homes and development of infrastructure.

Information by business segment is as follows:

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	4/30/2023	4/30/2022	4/30/2023	4/30/2022
Revenues from operations:				
Resort operations	\$695,964	\$663,299	\$1,224,651	\$1,141,072
Real estate management/rental operations	194,487	163,740	389,721	320,634
Land resource management	5,032,480	42,643	5,079,965	86,188
Total revenues from operations	\$5,922,931	\$869,682	\$6,694,337	\$1,547,894
Operating income (loss) from operations,				
excluding general and administrative expenses:				
Resort operations	(\$198,343)	(\$169,342)	(\$583,033)	(\$419,573)
Real estate management/rental operations	20,468	(9,039)	35,204	(29,707)
Land resource management	4,743,377	(56,009)	4,692,935	(116,054)
Total operating income (loss), excluding general				
and administrative expenses	\$4,565,502	(\$234,390)	\$4,145,106	(\$565,334)

General and administrative expenses:

Resort operations	\$42,884	\$281,590	\$139,228	\$551,202
Real estate management/rental operations	10,721	70,398	46,409	157,737
Land resource management	303,758	18,526	587,854	41,310
Total general and administrative expenses	\$357,363	\$370,514	\$773,491	\$750,249
Interest expense:				
Resort operations	\$241	\$242	\$478	\$242
Real estate management/rental operations	0	0	0	71
Land resource management	0	0	0	0
Total Interest expense	\$241	\$242	\$478	\$313
	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$4,169,417	(\$641,544)	\$3,482,866	(\$1,383,874)
				<u> </u>

Identifiable assets, net of accumulated depreciation at April 30, 2023 and October 31, 2022 and depreciation expense and capital expenditures for six months ended April 30, 2023 and the fiscal year ended October 31, 2022 by business segment are as follows:

April 30, 2023	Identifiable Assets	Depreciation and Amortization Expense	Capital Expenditures
Resort operations	\$3,067,985	\$129,882	\$158,327
Real estate management/rental income	4,927,914	58,776	0
Land resource management	16,407,937	15,885	0
Other corporate	180,300	6,538	9,370
Assets held for sale	149,640	0	0
Total Assets	\$24,733,776	\$211,081	\$167,697

October 31, 2022	Identifiable Assets	Depreciation and Amortization Expense	Capital Expenditures
Resort operations	\$2,547,072	\$243,097	\$442,991
Real estate management/rental income	4,294,644	120,192	0
Land resource management	13,506,773	31,609	2,253
Other corporate	147,678	12,713	7,222
Assets held for sale	187,214	0	0
Total Assets	\$20,683,381	\$407,611	\$452,466

During the six months ended April 30, 2023, the Company sold 340 acres of land for a sale price of \$5,000,000.

14. Contingencies and Uncertainties

The Company is party to various legal proceedings incidental to its business. Certain claims, suits and complaints arising in the ordinary course of business are possible of assertion against the Company.

15. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated and disclosed subsequent events from April 30, 2023 through the issuance date of the financial statements.

On May 11, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement with Golf Cart Services, Inc. to allow Jack Frost National to purchase its current fleet of golf carts, which includes 75 golf carts and 2 UTV's, following the current lease that ends November 1, 2023.

On May 24, 2023, the Company entered into an Agreement of Sale of Lot 7 and 8 Mosey Wood Office Park, consisting of two unimproved lots in Carbon County for the purchase price of \$50,000.00.

On June 8, 2023 the closing took place for the sale of Lot 7 and 8 in Carbon County.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Financial Statements of Blue Ridge (the "Company") and related notes thereto.

Overview

Over the past 40 years, we have developed resort residential communities adjacent to the Jack Frost Mountain and Big Boulder Ski Areas located in Lake Harmony, Kidder Township, Pennsylvania. These communities are located in the Pocono Mountains of Pennsylvania, a popular recreation destination for local and regional visitors, especially from the New York City and Philadelphia metropolitan areas. The scenic hills and valleys of the Pocono Mountains offer many opportunities to enjoy outdoor activities such as golfing, fishing, hunting, skiing, snowboarding and other sports.

At April 30, 2023, we owned 9,065 acres of land in Northeastern Pennsylvania. Of these land holdings, we designated 7,632 acres as held for investment, 1,296 acres as held for development and 137 acres as held for sale. It is expected that all of our planned developments will either be subdivided and sold as parcels of land, or be developed into single and multi-family housing.

The real estate industry is cyclical and is subject to numerous economic factors including general business conditions, changes in interest rates, inflation and oversupply of properties. Any sustained period of weakening business or economic conditions will impact the demand for the type of properties we intend to develop. Management continues to monitor the progress of residential home sales within the Northeast.

In light of the economic environment, we will continue to evaluate our strategic plan and our master development plan. We have reviewed the Company's land inventory, oil, gas and mineral rights and development portfolio with a view to maximize shareholder value. As in the past, we will continue to consider opportunistic asset sales of non-core investment properties as a means of funding future operations.

We also have generated revenue through the selective timbering of our land. We rely on the advice of our forester, who is engaged on a consulting basis and who receives a commission on each stumpage contract, for the timing and selection of certain parcels for timbering. Our forester gives significant attention to protecting the environment and maximizing the value of these parcels for future timber harvests.

Boulder View Tavern and Boulder Lake Club are a significant portion of our Resort Operations revenue.

The Jack Frost National Golf Course is managed by Jack Frost Golf Management, LLC, a subsidiary of Indigo Sports, LLC (formerly known as Antares Golf, LLC), a nationally-recognized golf course management company. With a continued emphasis on course maintenance, along with the natural maturation of the fairways, Jack Frost National has become one of the premier golf facilities in Northeastern Pennsylvania.

As a result of the Company's focus on real estate activities, we present our balance sheet in an unclassified presentation using the alternate format in order to reflect our assets and liabilities in order of their importance.

Recent Developments

On January 7, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement of sale with MGC, Inc. for the sale of Jack Frost National's current 2019 Golf Car Fleet (75) in the amount of \$285,000.

On March 1, 2023, closing occurred for the sale of approximately 340 acres, situated in Kidder Township and Tobyhanna Township.

On April 17, 2023, the Feasibility Period for the sale of approximately 133 acres located in Tobyhanna Township, Monroe County, Pennsylvania, was extended from May 4, 2023 to January 11, 2024.

Results of Operations for the Six Months Ended April 30, 2023 and 2022

Operations for the three and six months ended April 30, 2023 resulted in a net income of \$3,097,417 and \$2,586,866, or \$1.28 and \$1.07 per share respectively, compared to a net loss of (\$476,544) and (\$1,027,874), or (\$0.20) and (\$0.43) per share respectively, for the three-and six-month period ended April 30, 2022.

Revenues

Revenues of \$5,922,931 and \$6,694,337 for the three and six months ended April 30, 2023 represent an increase of \$5,053,249 and \$5,146,443 compared to the three and six months ended April 30, 2022. Resort operations revenue increased \$32,665 and \$83,579, or 5% and 7% for the three and six months ended April 30, 2023. Real Estate Management Operations/Rental Income revenue increased \$30,747 and 69,087 or 19% and 22% for the three and six months ended April 30, 2023 compared to the three and six months ended April 30, 2022. Land Resource Management revenue increased \$4,989,837 and 4,993,777 for the three and six months ended April 30, 2023 compared to the three and six months ended April 30, 2023.

Resort Operations

Resort operations consist of the Boulder View Tavern, Boulder Lake Club, Jack Frost National Golf Course, and The Stretch fishing club. Resort operations revenue for the six months ended April 30, 2023 was \$1,224,651 as compared to \$1,141,072 for the six months ended April 30, 2022 an increase of \$83,579 or 7%. This was primarily the result of increased revenues at Jack Frost National Golf Course of \$50,076 or 32% and at Boulder View Tavern of \$26,078, or 3%. Revenues also increased at Boulder Lake Club by \$4,677, or 15%, and the Stretch fishing club by \$2,748 or 6%.

Real Estate Management/Rental Income

Real Estate Management Operations / Rental Income revenue was \$389,721 for the six months ended April 30, 2023, compared to \$320,634 for the six months ended April 30, 2022, which resulted in an increase of \$69,087. Real Estate Management revenue for the six months ended April 30, 2023 increased to \$362,619 as compared to \$278,979 for the six months ended April 30, 2022, an increase of \$83,640. This was primarily the result of increased trust revenues from the trust services. Rental revenue decreased (\$14,553) primarily resulting from decreased leased property and signboard revenues.

Land Resource Management

For the six months ended April 30, 2023, Land Resource Management revenues increased to \$5,079,965 compared to \$86,188 for the six months ended April 30, 2022, an increase of \$4,993,777, primarily due to the land sale of 340 acres in March 2023.

Operating Costs

Resort Operations

Operating costs associated with Resort Operations for the six months ended April 30, 2023 increased to \$1,807,684 compared to \$1,560,645 for the six months ended April 30, 2022, an increase of \$247,039, or 16%.

This was primarily related to increased labor costs, increased Pennsylvania Unemployment tax and increased repairs and maintenance.

Real Estate Management/Rental Income

Operating costs associated with Real Estate Management Operations/Rental Income for the six months ended April 30, 2023 increased to \$354,517 compared to \$350,341 for the six months ended April 30, 2022, an increase of \$4,176, or 1%. This increase was attributed to increased expenses in the property management/trust services division offset by decreased expenses in the rental division.

Land Resource Management

Operating costs associated with Land Resource Management for the six months ended April 30, 2023 increased to \$387,030 compared to \$202,242 for the six months ended April 30, 2022, an increase of \$184,788, or 91% primarily due to the cost of land sold.

General and Administration

General and administration costs for the six months ended April 30, 2023 increased to \$773,491 as compared to \$750,249 for the six months ended April 30, 2022, an increase of \$23,242, or 3%. This increase is primarily related to an increase in supplies and services, \$13,534 and an increase in payroll taxes of \$6,570 for the six months ended April 30, 2023 as compared to the six months ended April 30, 2022.

Other Income and Expense

Interest expense for the six months ended April 30, 2023 increased to \$478 compared to \$313 for the six months ended April 30, 2022, an increase of \$165.

Interest and dividends on equity securities, net was \$163,698 for the six months ended April 30, 2023 compared to \$23,205 for the six months ended April 30, 2022, an increase of \$140,493. Realized losses on disposition of equity securities were (\$6,093) for the six months ended April 30, 2023 compared to gains of \$4,040 in the six months ended April 30, 2022. Unrealized gains on equity securities were 85,154 for the six months ended April 30, 2023 compared to unrealized losses of (\$89,096) for the six months ended April 30, 2022.

Pension expense for the six months ended April 30, 2023 increased to \$131,119 compared to \$18,502 for the six months ended April 30, 2022, an increase of \$112,617.

Tax Rate

The tax rate specific to federal taxes for the three and six months ended April 30, 2023 and 2022 was 21%. The effective rate for the six months ended April 30, 2023 and 2022 was 25.74%.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As reflected in the Statements of Cash Flows, net cash provided by operating activities was \$3,913,841 for the six months ended April 30, 2023 versus net cash used in operating activities was \$867,862 for the six months ended April 30, 2022.

The sale of 340 acres of land totaling \$5,000,000 was the material non-recurring cash item for the six months ended April 30, 2023. There were no material non-recurring cash items for the six months ended April 30, 2022.

The Company's investment portfolio includes preferred securities and government bonds with a goal to provide current income with capital preservation over a 3 to 5-year time horizon. April 30, 2023, the Company's cash and equity securities totaled \$13,109,049 compared to cash and equity securities of \$9,284,315 at October 31,2022.

On March 21, 2022, the Company entered into a capital lease agreement which is an addendum to a Master Lease Agreement with PNC Equipment Finance, LLC for the procurement of utility vehicle for the Jack Frost National Golf Course in the amount of \$22,323. The lease is due and payable in 24 non-consecutive monthly installments in the months of May through October, through October 20, 2025. The interest is a fixed rate of 5.65%.

On July 30, 2020, the Company entered into an installment loan with GM Financial in the amount of \$26,410 for the purchase of a 2020 Chevrolet Colorado. The loan was payable in 36 monthly installments of \$786 from September 2020 to August 2023 and bore interest at a fixed rate of 4.39%. On November 17, 2021, the Company paid this loan in full and on December 23, 2021 the vehicle was sold with a gain on the sale of \$8,154.

On April 17, 2017, Blue Ridge Real Estate Company entered into a capital lease agreement which is an addendum to a Master Lease Agreement with PNC Equipment Finance, LLC for the procurement of mowing equipment for the Jack Frost National Golf Course in the amount of \$135,325. The lease was due and payable in 30 non-consecutive monthly installments in the months of May through October. The interest was a fixed rate of 5.08%. In June 2022 the final installment of the lease was paid.

The Company has one certificate of deposit with Mauch Chunk Trust Company. On March 8, 2023 the certificate in the amount of \$140,000 matured and yielded interest of \$140. The Company reinvested \$140,000 in a certificate of deposit with Mauch Chunk Trust for a term of 13 months with a new maturity date of April 8, 2024. The bank certificate is included in Marketable Securities, which approximates fair value.

On November 9, 2022, the Company renewed an irrevocable stand-by Letter of Credit up to an aggregate of \$140,000 in favor of Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection ("PA-DEP"), Bureau of Waterways Engineering with Mauch Chunk Trust Company. The Letter has a term of two years, renewable biennially and is collateralized by the Company's certificate of deposit with Mauch Chunk Trust. The letter was established January 8, 2016 to comply with legislation that requires Blue Ridge as a private owner of two dams to post a financial guarantee adequate to breach the dams if we fail to comply with PA-DEP safety requirements.

The following table sets forth the Company's significant contractual cash obligations for the items indicated as of April 30, 2023, and their expected year of payment or expiration.

	Less than			More than	
Contractual Obligations:	Total	1 year	1-3 years	4-5 years	5 years
Long Term Debt	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Capital Leases	16,727	5,265	11,462	0	0
Fixed Rate Interest	1,279	746	533	0	0
Pension Contribution Obligations (1)	107,000	107,000	0	0	0
Total Contractual Cash Obligations	\$125,006	\$113,011	\$11,995	\$0	\$0

(1) Estimated funding obligations beyond the current fiscal year are not presented because the requirements fluctuate based on the performance of the plan assets, discount rate assumptions and demographics.

We currently anticipate that the funds needed for future operations and to implement our land development strategy will be satisfied through operating cash, equity securities, borrowed funds, public offerings or private placements of debt or equity and reinvested profits from sales.

Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Judgments and Estimates

We have identified the most critical accounting policies upon which our financial reporting depends. The critical policies and estimates were determined by considering accounting policies that involve the most complex or subjective decisions or assessments. The most critical accounting policies identified relate to deferred tax liabilities, the valuation of land development costs and long-lived assets, and revenue recognition.

Revenues are derived from a wide variety of sources, including sales of real estate, management of investment properties, operation of a restaurant, a recreational lake club facility and a fly-fishing club, property management services, golf activities, timbering, home construction and leasing activities. Generally, revenues are recognized as services are performed, except as noted below.

We recognize income on the disposition of real estate using the full accrual method. The full accrual method is appropriate at closing when the sales contract has been signed, the buyer has arranged permanent financing and the risks and rewards associated with ownership have been transferred to the buyer. In the few

instances that the Company finances the sale, a minimum 20% down payment is required from the buyers. The remaining financed purchase price is not subject to subordination. Down payments of less than 20% are accounted for as deposits.

The costs of developing land for resale as resort homes and the costs of constructing certain related amenities are allocated to the specific parcels to which the costs relate. Such costs, as well as the costs of construction of the resort homes, are charged to operations as sales occur. Land held for resale and resort homes under construction are stated at lower of cost or net realizable value.

Timbering revenues from stumpage contracts are recognized at the time a stumpage contract is signed. At the time a stumpage contract is signed, the risk of ownership is passed to the buyer at a fixed, determinable cost. There is no transfer of title in connection with these contracts. Reasonable assurance of collectability is determined by the date of signing and, at that time, the obligations of the Company is satisfied. Therefore, full accrual recognition at the time of contract execution is appropriate.

Deferred income consists of rents, dues and deposits on land or home sales. These rents, which are not yet earned, are rents from the Company's commercial properties that have been paid in advance. Dues are dues paid in advance related to memberships in the Company's hunting, fishing and lake clubs, and golf course memberships paid. Revenues related to the hunting, fishing and lake clubs and golf course memberships are recognized over the seasonal period that the dues cover. We recognize revenue related to the fishing and lake clubs over a five-month period from May through September, and the golf course over a seven-month period, from April through October. Deposits are required on land and home sales.

Management's estimate of deferred tax assets and liabilities is primarily based on the difference between the tax basis and financial reporting basis of depreciable assets, pension, like-kind exchanges of assets, net operating losses and accruals. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

Real estate development projects are stated at cost unless an impairment exists, in which case the project is written down to fair value in accordance with GAAP. We capitalize as land and land development costs, the original acquisition cost, direct construction and development costs, property taxes, interest incurred on costs related to land under development and other related costs (engineering, surveying, landscaping, etc.) until the property reaches its intended use. Because the development projects are considered as long-lived assets under GAAP, we are required to regularly review the carrying value of each of the projects and write down the value of those projects when we believe the values are not recoverable. The cost of sales for individual parcels of real estate or condominium units within a project is determined using the relative sales value method. Revenue is recognized upon signing of the applicable closing documents, at which time a binding contract is in effect, the buyer has arranged for permanent financing and the Company is assured of payment in full. In addition, at the time of closing, the risks and rewards associated with ownership have been transferred to the buyer. Selling expenses are recorded when incurred.

Long-lived assets, namely properties, are recorded at cost. Depreciation and amortization are provided principally using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset. Upon sale or retirement of the asset, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the related accounts, and resulting gains or losses are reflected in income. We test our long-lived assets for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. In that event, we utilize either or both a discounted cash flow method or comparable sale pricing method to determine a fair market value. If our use of one or both of these methods indicates that the carrying value of the asset is not recoverable, an impairment loss is recognized in operating income. An impairment loss is the difference between the carrying value and the fair value of the asset less cost to sell. An impairment loss is recognized during the period in which the impairment is determined to be probable and reasonably estimable.

Assets are classified as long-lived assets held for sale when they are expected to be sold within the next year. The amount in long-lived assets held for sale at April 30, 2023 includes 4 acres of land under an Agreement of Sale

entered into May 24, 2023. Subsequently, on June 8, 2023 the closing took place for the sale of approximately 4 acres, situated in Kidder Township.

Significant judgment is applied in assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets. In accordance with GAAP, a valuation allowance is established against a deferred tax asset if, based on the available evidence, it is more-likely-than-not that such asset will not be realized. The realization of a deferred tax asset ultimately depends on the existence of sufficient taxable income in either the carryback or carryforward periods under tax law. We assess the need for valuation allowances for deferred tax assets based on GAAP's "more-likely-than-not" realization threshold criteria. In our assessment, appropriate consideration is given to all positive and negative evidence related to the realization of the deferred tax assets. Forming a conclusion that a valuation allowance is not needed is difficult when there is significant negative evidence such as cumulative losses in recent years. This assessment considers, among other matters, the nature, consistency and magnitude of current and cumulative income and losses, forecasts of future profitability, the duration of statutory carryback or carryforward periods, our experience with operating loss and tax credit carryforwards being used before expiration, and tax planning alternatives.

Our assessment of the need for a valuation allowance on our deferred tax assets includes assessing the likely future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in our consolidated financial statements or tax returns. Changes in existing tax laws or rates could affect our actual tax results and our future business results may affect the amount of our deferred tax liabilities or the valuation of our deferred tax assets over time. Our accounting for deferred tax assets represents our best estimate of future events.

Due to uncertainties in the estimation process, particularly with respect to changes in facts and circumstances in future reporting periods (carryforward period assumptions), actual results could differ from the estimates used in our analysis. Our assumptions require significant judgment because the residential home building industry and land sales are cyclical and highly sensitive to changes in economic conditions. If our results of operations are less than projected and there is insufficient objectively verifiable positive evidence to support the "more-likely-than-not" realization of our deferred tax assets, a valuation allowance would be required to reduce or eliminate our deferred tax assets.

Our deferred tax assets consist principally of the recognition of losses primarily driven by recognition of net operating losses, defined benefit pension, fixed assets and inventory impairments. In accordance with GAAP, we assessed whether a valuation allowance should be established based on our determination of whether it was "more-likely-than-not" that some portion of all of the deferred tax assets would not be realized, we recorded valuation allowances against our state net operating loss carryforwards for the amount not expected to be used.

Interest, real estate taxes, and insurance costs, including those costs associated with holding unimproved land, are normally charged to expense as incurred. Interest cost incurred during construction of facilities is capitalized as part of the cost of such facilities. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense, and major renewals and betterments are added to property accounts.

We sponsor a defined benefit pension plan. The accounting for pension costs is determined by specialized accounting and actuarial methods using numerous estimates, including discount rates, expected long-term investment returns on plan assets, employee turnover, mortality and retirement ages, and future salary increases. Changes in these key assumptions can have a significant effect on the pension plan's impact on the Company's financial statements. We engage the services of an independent actuary and investment consultant to assist us in determining these assumptions and in calculating pension income. Future benefit accruals under the pension plan ceased as of August 31, 2010. The pension plan is currently underfunded. The Company has made contributions of \$139,805 during the six months ended April 30, 2023 and anticipates contributing a minimum of \$107,000 to the pension plan in the remaining months of Fiscal 2023. The Company also has a 401(k)-pension plan that is available to all full-time employees. The Company matches 100% of employee salary deferral contributions up to 5% of their pay for each payroll period.

The Company recognizes as compensation expense an amount equal to the grant date fair value of the stock options issued over the required service period, if any. Compensation cost was measured using the modified prospective approach.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Legal Proceedings

We are presently a party to certain lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of our business. We believe that none of our current legal proceedings will be material to our business, financial condition or results of operations.